Mental health screening asks young students embarrassing, personal and potentially upsetting questions that psychiatrists have worded in such a way that no student could escape being labeled mentally ill at some point during their education. These questionnaires can result in psychological or psychiatric intervention in the lives of a child and his or her family—often against their will or under threat. Psychiatrists and psychologists have also pressured teachers to conduct these screenings on students.

Mental Health Screening is based on the subjective and unscientific diagnostic system developed by psychiatrists predominantly with financial ties to the pharmaceutical industry. Today, such screening has become so much a part of many school systems that few people question the ramifications it represents, as the following points demonstrate:

- In 2003, the US Freedom Commission on Mental Health Report recommended that all 52 million American schoolchildren be “screened” for “mental illness,” claiming—without proof—that “early detection, assessment, and links with treatment” could “prevent mental health problems from worsening.” Treatment ultimately means drugs that can create lifetime “psychiatric” patients.¹

- In February 2009, The European Parliament passed a resolution endorsing fifty points to increase mental health awareness and services in Europe, including “screening for mental health problems in general health services” and “early detection [screening] and treatment of mental health problems in vulnerable groups, with particular reference to minors.”²

- In Australia the psychiatric front group, “beyondblue,” mailed a “depression screening” card to every household in the country, based on subjective questions that could identify half the population as needing antidepressants.

- “Depression Screening Days” have been implemented in many countries. More than a quarter of those screened at thousands of screening sites later start taking

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¹ Reference: US Freedom Commission on Mental Health

² Reference: European Parliament
antidepressants. Pharmaceutical companies fund the organizers of these screening days. One group, Screening for Mental Health in the United States, took in almost $5 million from at least seven different drug companies—all makers of psychotropic drugs given to children.³

- In the UK, there were recommendations to screen for antisocial behavior prebirth and to prevent babies being born into “high risk” families. Home visits to new mothers would also include psychiatric screening. “Anti-Social Behavior Orders” target teens for behavioral issues and if they fail to comply with these court orders, they face jail.⁴

- Studies now show that once referred to and in front of a psychiatrist, nine out of ten children are prescribed a psychotropic drug.⁵

- Allen Jones, a former investigator with the Pennsylvania Office of the Inspector General (OIG), Bureau of Special Investigations, states, “Despite a nearly 500 percent increase in American children being prescribed mental health drugs during the past six years, the New Freedom Commission on Mental Health...recommendations prominently call for mental health screening for all high-school students, with follow-up ‘treatment’ as required”—this means more kids on mind-altering and potentially lethal psychiatric drugs.⁶

- Dr. Julian Whitaker, MD, founder of the Whitaker Wellness Institute in California says the mental health industry uses student mental health screening results to get access to millions more new patients—students. “It’s business, not child ‘care,’” he said.⁷

- Dr. David Shaffer of Columbia University, the psychiatrist who invented one screening program, “TeenScreen,” admitted that there is a large chance that 84% of students taking the TeenScreen test were wrongly labelled as “depressed” or suicidal. He has long-term ties to drug companies and is a consultant for Hoffman La Roche, Wyeth and GlaxoSmithKline.⁸

- Psychiatrists redefine childhood behavior and educational problems as “disorders” in order to claim insurance reimbursements. Literally by a vote, they decide which disorder should be included in their Diagnostic and Statistical Manual for Mental Disorders (DSM). As a result, 20 million children worldwide are now prescribed psychotropic drugs that are known to cause hallucinations, psychosis, aggression, hostility, anxiety, depression, life-threatening diabetes, heart irregularities and suicide.

Parents should know that if psychiatrists or psychologists are using schools to test or assess their child, they have the right to say no and to refuse to have their child tested or drugged. The only groups to benefit from such screenings and coercive drug treatments
are psychiatry and the pharmaceutical industry. Parents should unite to get psychiatric screening expelled from schools. They can start by signing a Parent's Exemption Form Prior to Mental Health and Psychological Screening or Counseling that prevents their child from mental health screening.

2. European Parliament resolution of 19 Feb. 2009 on Mental Health (2008/2299(INI)).